## Executive Summary

The global population is aging rapidly. Considering the magnitude of this ongoing demographic shift, it is critical to create and maintain community spaces that support the growing older adult popAlgation. friendly planning aims to minimize the risks associated with aging while optimizing opportunities to improve well-being. The existing framework of algaenteendly planning possesses several positive features such as emphasizing active aging and aging in place. However, there is a currently overlooked opportunity to utilize play to improve health, social cohesion, and longevity for older adattsefs and even oldeadults themselves have been dismissive of the idea by assuming play is exclusive to children. Therefore, this report seeks to gain insights on older adult play from saturated older adult environments, such as agestricted and ageriendly communities. These communities, with roots in the State of Florida as early **1954**, have emerged as an important place are response to an aging population. In order to best understand the relationship between older adults was conducted. This analysis was guided by the following three research objectives:

(1) Assess older adult play spaces in a privately environment through naturalistic observations.

(2) Compare older adults' perceptions of and experiences with publicly and prior whether play spaces through servatructured interviews.

(3) Develop recommendations to better incorporate play into frieggely planning and design for public spaces.

A single case study analysis of Century Village East (CVE), arreaginected community in Deerfield Beach, Florida, was completed to gain insight on the relationship between older adults and

- 5. Incorporate the SOAPS tool to enhance the play potential of community spaces.
- 6. Consider demographic, socioeconomic, and geographic disparities to encourage the equitable distribution of older adult public play opportunitie